

# BEST USE OF FACILITIES SUMMARY 

February 2, 2017

## Cost Per Pupil

SOUTHWICK-TOLLAND-GRANVILLE REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT DISTRICT FACT SHEET RELATED TO BEST USE OF FACILITIES STUDY CURRENT CONFIGURATION

|  | GVS | WS | PMS |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| COC | 167 | 380 | 512 |  |  |  |  |
| POC | 167-211 | 380-424 | 512-637 |  |  |  |  |
| 10/1/2016 Enrollment | 82 | 347 | 400 |  |  |  |  |
| 2017 Budget | \$977,580 | \$2,038,561 | \$2,659,512 |  |  |  |  |
| Per Pupil Expenditure | \$11,922 | \$5,875 | \$6,649 |  |  |  |  |
| OPTION 1: GVS CLOSED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| COC |  | WS | PMS | Additional WS |  | Additional PMS |  |
|  |  | 380 | 512 | Librarian | \$11,500 | 2 Teachers | \$120,000 |
| POC |  | 380-424 | 512-637 | Gym/Health | \$22,255 | Curriculum | \$15,000 |
| Anticipated 2018 Enrollment |  | 334 | 440 | Art | \$13,171 |  | \$135,000 |
|  |  |  |  | Music | \$26,468 |  |  |
| 2017 Budget |  | \$2,113,455 | \$2,794,512 | Currculum | \$15,000 |  |  |
| Per Pupil Expenditure |  | \$6,328 | \$6,351 |  | \$88,394 |  |  |
| OPTION 2: GVS REMAINS OPEN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| GVS |  | WS | PMS |  |  |  |  |
| COC | 167 | 380 | 512 |  |  |  |  |
| POC | 167-211 | 380-424 | 512-637 |  |  |  |  |
| Anticipated 2018 Enrollment | 76 | 314 | 391 |  |  |  |  |
| 2017 Budget | \$836,574 | \$2,038,561 | \$2,659,512 |  |  |  |  |
| Per Pupil Expenditure | \$11,008 | \$6,492 | \$6,802 |  |  |  |  |

## Enrollment Projections

## Southwick-Tolland-Granville RSD, MA Historical Enrollment

| Historical Enrollment By Grade |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Birth Year | Births | School Year | PK | K | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | UNGR | K-12 | PK-12 |
| 2001 | 90 | 2006-07 | 28 | 120 | 141 | 124 | 162 | 136 | 148 | 145 | 143 | 140 | 154 | 161 | 139 | 163 | 0 | 1876 | 1904 |
| 2002 | 88 | 2007-08 | 39 | 119 | 138 | 128 | 129 | 158 | 138 | 150 | 144 | 148 | 140 | 150 | 173 | 134 | 0 | 1849 | 1888 |
| 2003 | 87 | 2008-09 | 40 | 99 | 122 | 120 | 141 | 128 | 168 | 137 | 144 | 147 | 146 | 137 | 155 | 145 | 0 | 1789 | 1829 |
| 2004 | 95 | 2009-10 | 35 | 111 | 107 | 127 | 124 | 140 | 141 | 157 | 138 | 145 | 147 | 145 | 138 | 141 | 1 | 1762 | 1797 |
| 2005 | 97 | 2010-11 | 35 | 105 | 112 | 106 | 126 | 122 | 138 | 133 | 156 | 145 | 126 | 142 | 147 | 135 | 3 | 1696 | 1731 |
| 2006 | 75 | 2011-12 | 41 | 84 | 109 | 102 | 113 | 124 | 125 | 133 | 133 | 159 | 130 | 128 | 140 | 141 | 2 | 1623 | 1664 |
| 2007 | 95 | 2012-13 | 53 | 117 | 100 | 115 | 124 | 122 | 139 | 143 | 156 | 148 | 161 | 129 | 123 | 127 | 4 | 1708 | 1761 |
| 2008 | 86 | 2013-14 | 51 | 102 | 114 | 103 | 116 | 124 | 122 | 139 | 141 | 153 | 132 | 165 | 126 | 118 | 3 | 1658 | 1709 |
| 2009 | 95 | 2014-15 | 48 | 102 | 103 | 112 | 105 | 118 | 120 | 118 | 137 | 134 | 131 | 123 | 156 | 126 | 3 | 1588 | 1636 |
| 2010 | 87 | 2015-16 | 51 | 108 | 103 | 104 | 116 | 104 | 113 | 129 | 116 | 138 | 127 | 128 | 126 | 160 | 2 | 1574 | 1625 |
| 2011 | 81 | 2016-17 | 63 | 92 | 113 | 108 | 112 | 116 | 111 | 114 | 100 | 124 | 140 | 131 | 130 | 126 | 0 | 1517 | 1580 |


| Historical Enrollment in Grade Combinations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | PK-2 | $\mathbf{3 - 6}$ | K-6 | K-8 | $\mathbf{5 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{6 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{9 - 1 2}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 6 - 0 7}$ | 413 | 591 | 976 | 1259 | 576 | 428 | 283 | 900 | 617 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7 - 0 8}$ | 424 | 575 | 960 | 1252 | 580 | 442 | 292 | 889 | 597 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 8 - 0 9}$ | 381 | 574 | 915 | 1206 | 596 | 428 | 291 | 874 | 583 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 9 - 1 0}$ | 380 | 562 | 907 | 1190 | 581 | 440 | 283 | 854 | 571 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 0 - 1 1}$ | 358 | 519 | 842 | 1143 | 572 | 434 | 301 | 851 | 550 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 1 - 1 2}$ | 336 | 495 | 790 | 1082 | 550 | 425 | 292 | 831 | 539 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2 - 1 3}$ | 385 | 528 | 860 | 1164 | 586 | 447 | 304 | 844 | 540 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 3 - 1 4}$ | 370 | 501 | 820 | 1114 | 555 | 433 | 294 | 835 | 541 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 4 - 1 5}$ | 365 | 461 | 778 | 1049 | 509 | 389 | 271 | 807 | 536 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | 366 | 462 | 777 | 1031 | 496 | 383 | 254 | 795 | 541 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | 376 | 453 | 766 | 990 | 449 | 338 | 224 | 751 | 527 |


| Historical Percentage Changes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | K-12 | Diff. | $\%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 6 - 0 7}$ | 1876 | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7 - 0 8}$ | 1849 | -27 | $-1.4 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 8 - 0 9}$ | 1789 | -60 | $-3.2 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 9 - 1 0}$ | 1762 | -27 | $-1.5 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 0 - 1 1}$ | 1696 | -66 | $-3.7 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 1 - 1 2}$ | 1623 | -73 | $-4.3 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2 - 1 3}$ | 1708 | 85 | $5.2 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 3 - 1 4}$ | 1658 | -50 | $-2.9 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 4 - 1 5}$ | 1588 | -70 | $-4.2 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | 1574 | -14 | $-0.9 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | 1517 | -57 | $-3.6 \%$ |
| Change |  | $\mathbf{- 3 5 9}$ | $\mathbf{- 1 9 . 1} \%$ |

## Enrollment Projections By Grade*

| Birth Year | Births |  | School Year | PK | K | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | UNGR | K-12 | PK-12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 | 81 |  | 2016-17 | 63 | 92 | 113 | 108 | 112 | 116 | 111 | 114 | 100 | 124 | 140 | 131 | 130 | 126 | 0 | 1517 | 1580 |
| 2012 | 77 |  | 2017-18 | 63 | 89 | 94 | 115 | 113 | 112 | 116 | 113 | 106 | 101 | 116 | 138 | 130 | 131 | 0 | 1474 | 1537 |
| 2013 | 83 |  | 2018-19 | 63 | 95 | 91 | 95 | 120 | 113 | 112 | 118 | 105 | 107 | 94 | 114 | 137 | 131 | 0 | 1432 | 1495 |
| 2014 | 83 |  | 2019-20 | 63 | 95 | 97 | 92 | 99 | 120 | 113 | 114 | 110 | 106 | 100 | 93 | 113 | 138 | 0 | 1390 | 1453 |
| 2015 | 86 | (prov.) | 2020-21 | 63 | 99 | 97 | 98 | 96 | 99 | 120 | 115 | 106 | 111 | 99 | 99 | 93 | 114 | 0 | 1346 | 1409 |
| 2016 | 82 | (est.) | 2021-22 | 63 | 94 | 101 | 98 | 102 | 96 | 99 | 122 | 107 | 107 | 104 | 98 | 99 | 94 | 0 | 1321 | 1384 |
| 2017 | 82 | (est.) | 2022-23 | 63 | 95 | 96 | 102 | 102 | 102 | 96 | 101 | 113 | 108 | 100 | 102 | 98 | 100 | 0 | 1315 | 1378 |
| 2018 | 83 | (est.) | 2023-24 | 63 | 96 | 97 | 97 | 106 | 102 | 102 | 98 | 94 | 114 | 101 | 99 | 102 | 99 | 0 | 1307 | 1370 |
| 2019 | 83 | (est.) | 2024-25 | 63 | 96 | 98 | 98 | 101 | 106 | 102 | 104 | 91 | 95 | 107 | 99 | 99 | 103 | 0 | 1299 | 1362 |
| 2020 | 83 | (est.) | 2025-26 | 63 | 96 | 98 | 99 | 102 | 101 | 106 | 104 | 97 | 92 | 89 | 105 | 99 | 100 | 0 | 1288 | 1351 |
| 2021 | 83 | (est.) | 2026-27 | 63 | 95 | 98 | 99 | 103 | 102 | 101 | 108 | 97 | 98 | 86 | 88 | 104 | 100 | 0 | 1279 | 1342 |

*Projections should be updated on an annual basis in order to reflect changes in births, real estate sales, in-/out-migration of families and housing construction
$\square$ Based on an estimate of births $\square$ Based on children already born
$\square$ Based on students already enrolled

| ${ }^{\|c\|}$ Projected Enrollment in Grade Combinations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | PK-2 | $\mathbf{3 - 6}$ | K-6 | K-8 | $\mathbf{5 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{6 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{9 - 1 2}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | 376 | 453 | 766 | 990 | 449 | 338 | 224 | 751 | 527 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ | 361 | 454 | 752 | 959 | 436 | 320 | 207 | 722 | 515 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9}$ | 344 | 463 | 744 | 956 | 442 | 330 | 212 | 688 | 476 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0}$ | 347 | 446 | 730 | 946 | 443 | 330 | 216 | 660 | 444 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 0 - 2 1}$ | 357 | 430 | 724 | 941 | 452 | 332 | 217 | 622 | 405 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 1 - 2 2}$ | 356 | 419 | 712 | 926 | 435 | 336 | 214 | 609 | 395 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 2 - 2 3}$ | 356 | 401 | 694 | 915 | 418 | 322 | 221 | 621 | 400 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 3 - 2 4}$ | 353 | 408 | 698 | 906 | 408 | 306 | 208 | 609 | 401 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 4 - 2 5}$ | 355 | 413 | 705 | 891 | 392 | 290 | 186 | 594 | 408 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 5 - 2 6}$ | 356 | 413 | 706 | 895 | 399 | 293 | 189 | 582 | 393 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 6 - 2 7}$ | 355 | 414 | 706 | 901 | 404 | 303 | 195 | 573 | 378 |


| Projected Percentage Changes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | K-12 | Diff. | $\%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | 1517 | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ | 1474 | -43 | $-2.8 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9}$ | 1432 | -42 | $-2.8 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0}$ | 1390 | -42 | $-2.9 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 0 - 2 1}$ | 1346 | -44 | $-3.2 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 1 - 2 2}$ | 1321 | -25 | $-1.9 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 2 - 2 3}$ | 1315 | -6 | $-0.5 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 3 - 2 4}$ | 1307 | -8 | $-0.6 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 4 - 2 5}$ | 1299 | -8 | $-0.6 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 5 - 2 6}$ | 1288 | -11 | $-0.8 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 6 - 2 7}$ | 1279 | -9 | $-0.7 \%$ |
| Change |  | $\mathbf{- 2 3 8}$ | $\mathbf{- 1 5 . 7} \%$ |

## HदS SDIF

## Southwick-Tolland-Granville, MA Historical \& Projected Enrollment

PK-12, 2006-2026

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## Capacity Analysis

## CURRENT AND PLANNED OPERATING CAPACITY: GRANVILLE VILLAGE SCHOOL

## Current Operating Capacity (COC) Planned Operating Capacity (POC)

1 K classroom $\times 20=20$
1 Gr . 1 classroom $\times 22=22$
5 Gr. 2-6 classrooms at $25=125$
$C O C=167$
POC Range $=167-211$

* At Granville Village School, at least 5 full-sized classroom spaces are utilized to accommodate small group instruction program components or office spaces, which generally service no more than 5-8 students at a time. If some of these full-sized spaces or offices were reconfigured to accommodate more than one small group or service, then additional full-sized spaces would become available for grade level instruction. NESDEC estimates that, if the reconfiguration were to occur, Planned Operating Capacity (POC) would increase to approximately 211 students.


## CURRENT AND PLANNED OPERATING CAPACITY SCHOOL: WOODLAND SCHOOL

Current Operating Capacity (COC) Planned Operating Capacity (POC)
3 PK classrooms $\times 15=45$
5 Gr. K classrooms x $20=100$
5 Gr. 1 classrooms $\times 22=110$
5 Gr. 2 classrooms $\times 25=125$
$C O C=380$

$$
P O C=380-424
$$

* At Woodland School, at least 4 full-sized classroom spaces are utilized to accommodate small group instruction program components or office spaces, which generally service no more than 5-8 students at a time. If some of these full-sized spaces or offices were reconfigured to accommodate more than one small group or service, then additional full-sized spaces would become available for grade level instruction. NESDEC estimates that, if the reconfiguration were to occur, Planned Operating Capacity (POC) would increase to approximately 424 students.


## CURRENT AND PLANNED OPERATING CAPACITY: POWDER MILL SCHOOL

## Current Operating Capacity (COC) Planned Operating Capacity (POC)

20 Interchangeable Classrooms x 25=500
1 Self- contained Special Education
Classroom x 12=12
COC=512
*At the Powder Mill School. at least 10-full sized classroom spaces are utilized to accommodate small group instruction program components, which generally service no more than 5-8 students at a time. If some of these fullsized spaces were reconfigured to accommodate more than one small group instruction program component, then additional full-sized spaces would become available for grade level instruction. NESDEC estimates that, if the reconfiguration were to occur, Planned Operating capacity (POC) would increase to approximately 637 students.

## Building Capacity

- Woodland School - POC- 424
- 2018 Enrollment - 314
- With additional GVS (20) - 334*
- Below capacity by $21 \%$
- Powder Mill School - POC- 637
- 2018 Enrollment - 391
- With Additional GVS (49) - 440
- Below capacity by $31 \%$
*Kindergarten enrollment estimated at 90 students using available birth data.


## Woodland 2018



## Powder Mill 2018



## Class Size

# SOUTHWICK-TOLLAND-GRANVILLE REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT 

CODE: CLASS SIZE
Category: INSTRUCTION Adopted: 12/6/05
File No.: IDA
Revised:

In general, the average class size should be 25 or under in Grades 2-12. It is recognized that special subjects may be larger or smaller. In the same sense every effort will be made to have remedial classes smaller than 20.

When class size in Grades 2-8 goes over the 25/1 ratio, help may be provided in the form of a classroom aide. When average class size in Grades 2-8 exceeds a 30/1 ratio, a new teacher may be obtained to reduce class size.

When class size in kindergarten (staffed by a teacher and teacher assistant) exceeds 20 students, help may be provided in the form of an additional classroom aide. When average class size in Kindergarten exceeds a $25 / 1$ ratio, a new teacher may be obtained to reduce class size.

When class size in Grade 1 exceeds a 22/1 ratio, help may be provided in the form of a classroom aide. When average class size in Grade 1 exceeds a 27/1 ratio, a new teacher may be obtained to reduce class size.

District Enrollment by Classroom as of 1/20/2017

|  | Woodland and Powder Mill |  |  |  |  | GVS |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Pre-K | 45 slots <br> (1/2 day) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grade K | C101 (17) | C103 (17) | C104 (19) | C105 (15) | C106 (18) | 5 |
| Grade 1 | D108 (20) | D110 (20) | D111 (19) | D112 (16) | D113 (19) | 14 |
| Grade 2 | E105 (20) | E107 (18) | E109 (20) | E110 (20) | E112 (20) | 7 |
| Grade 3 | C107 (18) | C112 (19) | C115 (19) | C116 (19) | C118 (17) | 19 |
| Grade 4 | C101 (18) | C102 (20) | C103 (21) | C104 (21) | C106 (22) | 10 |
| Grade 5 | A125 (20) | A126 (21) | A122 (20) | A128 (19) | A130 (19) | 11 |
| Grade 6 | A202 (21) | A205 (20) | A208 (17) | A207 (21) | A209 (20) | 12 |

## Potential Classroom Configurations for 2017/2018

Estimated average class size if GVS remains open

| Woodland and Powder Mill |  |
| ---: | :---: |
| Pre-K | 45 <br> $(1 / 2$ slots <br> $(17)$ |
| Grade K | 17 |
| Grade 1 | 17 |
| Grade 2 | 19 |
| Grade 3 | 20 |
| Grade 4 | 18 |
| Grade 5 | 21 |
| Grade 6 | 20 |


| GVS |  |
| ---: | ---: |
|  |  |
| Grade K/1 | 12 |
| Grade 2/3 | 23 |
| Grade 4 | 20 |
| Grade 5/6 | 21 |

## Estimated average class size if GVS does not remain open

5 teachers per grade level;
One 3/4 combo; One 5/6 combo
Add two teaching positions

| Woodland and <br> Powder Mill |  |
| ---: | :---: |
| Pre-K | 45 slots <br> $(1 / 2$ day $)$ |
| Grade K | 18 |
| Grade 1 | 18 |
| Grade 2 | 22 |
| Grade 3 | 19 |
| Grade 4 | 20 |
| Grade 5 | 21 |
| Grade 6 | 20 |

6 teachers grades K-3;
5 teachers grades 4-6
Add four teaching positions

| Woodland and <br> Powder Mill |  |
| ---: | :---: |
| Pre-K | 45 slots <br> $(1 / 2$ day) |
| Grade K | 15 |
| Grade 1 | 15 |
| Grade 2 | 18 |
| Grade 3 | 16 |
| Grade 4 | 22 |
| Grade 5 | $22 / 23$ |
| Grade 6 | 22 |

6 teachers grades K \& 2;
5 teachers grade 1
One 3/4 combo; One 5/6 combo
Add four teaching positions

| Woodland and <br> Powder Mill |  |
| ---: | :---: |
| Pre-K | 45 slots <br> $(1 / 2$ day) |
| Grade K | 15 |
| Grade 1 | 18 |
| Grade 2 | 18 |
| Grade 3 | 19 |
| Grade 4 | 20 |
| Grade 5 | 21 |
| Grade 6 | 20 |

## Fiscal Analysis

## School Facilities Use Fiscal Analysis <br> 1/24/2017

| OPTION 1: GVS CLOSED |  | OPTION 2: GVS REMAINS OPEN |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Item | Est. Cost Budget Allocation | Item | Est. Cost |
| 3 Coaches(ELA K-2, ELA 3-6, Math Upper Grades) | \$200,000.00 General Admin | Retain 4 Teachers | \$271,000.00 |
| 2 Teachers(3/4, 5/6) | \$120,000.00 Powder Mill | Teacher Leader | \$85,000.00 |
| Nurse | \$70,000.00 Regional School | Nurse | \$70,000.00 |
| Librarian | \$11,500.00 Woodland | School Adjustment Counselor | \$60,000.00 |
| Paraprofessionals | \$44,680.00 SPED | Paraprofessionals | \$44,680.00 |
| Gym/Health | \$22,255.00 Woodland | Clerical | \$27,000.00 |
| Art | \$13,171.00 Woodland | 1.5 Custodial | \$63,000.00 |
| Music | \$26,468.00 Woodland | Librarian | \$11,500.00 |
| Technology | \$75,000.00 General Admin | Gym/Health | \$22,255.00 |
| Professional Development | \$150,000.00 General Admin | Art | \$13,171.00 |
| Capital Improvements | \$150,000.00 General Admin | Music | \$26,468.00 |
| Curriculum and Instruction | \$50,000.00 (\$15K PM; \$15K WS; \$20K SRS) | Substitutes | \$7,500.00 |
|  | \$933,074.00 | Utilities | \$60,000.00 |
|  |  | Miscellaneous(copiers, supplies, curriculum, etc) | \$75,000.00 |
|  |  |  | \$836,574.00 |

# Southwick-Tolland-Granville Regional School District 

## Fiscal Analysis of Granville Village School Closure

As a Massachusetts regional school district, the Southwick-Tolland-Granville RSD's annual operating budget is primarily funded by State education aid (Ch. 70) and assessments to the three member towns. The Massachusetts Chapter 70 \& "Foundation Budget" formula sets spending and state \& local funding requirements based on student enrollment and certain financial characteristics of each of the three towns. In the current climate of declining enrollment, the State's "hold harmless" provisions for Ch. 70 aid distributions and the requirement to move the District toward meeting "target share," have led to a situation in which the District has not had to rely significantly on "discretionary" assessments from the towns. In fact, for three of the last five fiscal years, the District's budget has been funded entirely by "non-discretionary" assessments, state aid, and other revenue sources not derived from the three towns.

## Assumptions

This analysis of the fiscal impact of a possible closure of the Granville Village School relies on the following underlying assumptions:

- No major changes to the Massachusetts Chapter 70 formula
- Continuation of the "hold harmless" provision relating to Chapter 70 aid
- Continued enrollment decline as projected in the NESDEC study
- No material changes to the property values and income wealth factors used in the formula to determine required local contributions from the three member towns
- Current \& future Granville resident students could be integrated into Woodland (grades Pre-K 2) and Powder Mill (grades 3-6) schools


## Per Pupil Expenditures

The direct operating cost (budget) of the Granville Village School for the current fiscal year is $\$ 977,580$. When considered on a per pupil basis, GVS' cost of $\$ 11,922$ is $\$ 6,047$ (or 2.0 times) greater than that of Woodland ( $\$ 5,875$ ) and $\$ 5,273$ (or 1.8 times) greater than Powder Mill $(\$ 6,649)$. These figures which show tremendous inequity on per pupil expenditures, are attributable to class sizes at GVS which are well below the other two schools. It should be noted that these per pupil costs do not reflect certain expenditure categories such as special education, employee benefits, and central office administration.

## Enrollment Decline Impact on Funding

While continued enrollment decline will almost certainly have the effect of moderating or negating Foundation Budget growth over the next several years, the hold harmless provision of Ch .70 would likely ensure that state aid would not decrease in response to the projected enrollment decline. Thus, while a goal of the Chapter 70 formula is to move districts toward their "target share" of the Foundation Budget, STGRSD's progress toward that goal is slowed by the above factors.

## Required Local Contribution

A feature of the Chapter 70 program is the requirement for each municipality to provide a minimum local contribution. The required local contribution is essentially a measure of how much local tax revenue a city or town can reasonably raise and dedicate to the operation of its schools. This number is adjusted annually by the State.

## Net School Spending

Another component of the state's education finance law that plays a role in determining the fiscal impact of a possible closure of GVS is "net school spending." NSS sets forth spending requirements for Districts by taking into account the state's commitment of Chapter 70 aid and the mandated minimum local contributions from municipalities. Simply put, the purpose of the NSS requirement is to ensure that Districts are spending the financial resources provided through the Chapter 70 program, including municipal resources, on bona fide educational costs. In the case of STGRSD, net school spending requirements actually exceed the fiscal year 2017 Foundation Budget by nearly \$4M.

Thus, the potential for reducing overall District operating costs by closing the Granville Village School is nullified by the requirement to annually spend the dollars it receives from the State's Chapter 70 program and the minimum local contributions from each member town as prescribed by the State.

For fiscal year 2017 only $\$ 169 \mathrm{~K}$ (1.3\%) of the District's overall assessment of $\$ 13.3 \mathrm{M}$ to member towns was "discretionary." This fact would suggest that nearly all of the savings realized from a closure of GVS would need to be reallocated to other NSS qualified spending.

The charts on the following pages provide information about the possible use of current GVS operating budget funds in the case of closure or reconfiguration and the impact on direct per pupil expenditures at affected schools.

## Capital Improvement Needs

While all three District schools on the Southwick campus have recently been renovated through Massachusetts School Building Authority projects, the Granville Village School would require significant capital improvements to bring the facility in line with the other buildings. Capital needs at the school are extensive and have been estimated by District personnel, with assistance from contractors, to be in excess of $\$ 1 \mathrm{M}$. Some of the more significant needs that exist include replacement of the roof over the 1989 addition, replacement of windows on the original building, replacement of flooring, interior lighting, and ceilings throughout, expansion of the data network, replacement of the phone system, parking lot \& driveway replacement, heating system and controls replacement and repairs to the water supply system that serves the building.

The above-mentioned capital improvements are not all immediately needed and repair and replacement projects could be spread out over several years utilizing a phased approach. However, it is highly unlikely that the District could access MSBA funding for such repairs due to the extremely low enrollment and the excess capacity that exists at the District's other schools. Thus, the costs to carry out the needed improvements would likely fall entirely upon the District, and by the terms of the regional agreement, be passed on to all three towns at their respective share of capital costs. Funding such projects would require the issuance of debt by the District which requires Town Meeting approval in all three towns. It would need to be determined if the District would expand its current annual capital borrowing program or secure other financing through the municipal bond market. To the extent that the debt would require tax increases beyond the Proposition $21 / 2$ limits, a referendum vote would need to be held in all three towns.

# Educational Benefits 

## Benefits

- All students in district would benefit from schools moving towards $21^{\text {st }}$ century educational excellence:
- Bring all our classrooms to the $21^{\text {st }}$ century with technology
- Begin roll out plan for 1:1 devices for students and provide professional development for teachers
- Provide external and job embedded professional development to change instructional practices needed for students to be competitive in $21^{\text {st }}$ century


## Benefits Continued

- All students in district would benefit from schools moving towards $21^{\text {st }}$ century educational excellence:
- Update cameras, videos and intercoms in Powder Mill and Woodland
- Hire and train teachers to facilitate personalized learning classrooms
- Increased grade level teacher collaboration
- Interaction with more grade level peers for GVS students
- More inclusive environment for students on IEP's at GVS


## Benefits

- School remains open
- Class sizes are similar to Powder Mill and Woodland

| Grade | Class Size |
| :--- | :--- |
| K/1 | 12 |
| $2 / 3$ | 23 |
| 4 | 20 |
| $5 / 6$ | 21 |

# Regional Agreement Process and Timeline 

## Did we meet the Regional Agreement School Closure requirements?

C. Closure of any school within the regional school district shall not be done without:
a. A feasibility study conducted by the District's Central office one year in advance of the proposed closing. Under extraordinary circumstances, this timeline may be modified by a majority vote of the Regional School Committee with representatives from at least two towns voting to support the modified timeline.
i. The District took an additional step and hired a consultant that has conducted building use studies for other districts.
ii. To avoid any confusion of the 1 year timeline, the committee will vote on $2 / 2 / 2017$ to waive the requirements.
iii. Refer to the timeline.
b. A complete fiscal analysis to determine the cost savings, the impact on the regional budget, and the individual assessments to the member towns.
i. The district has been open that there are no savings nor an impact to the regional budget or individual tax assessments.
ii. Financial proposal have been shared with the committee and the final 2018 school budget will be based on the decision to be made on 2/7/2017.
c. A review of educational organizational schemes and their financial impact.
i. Superintendent Willard presented two options to the committee detailing the educational changes
ii. Superintendent Willard followed up with financial proposal for both options
d. A review of population trends to determine the long-term impact of the closing.
i. The consultant provided project data for the student population considering all three communities.
ii. The consultant also provided the excess capacity figures for each building.
e. A public hearing held prior to the vote of the Regional School Committee.
i. A public hearing was held after the presentation from the consultant.
ii. All school committee meetings were posteraetnd qublic comment was conducted per STGRSD committee policies.

## Timeline

A. 11/17/2015 - New Business: Committee Discussed conducting a Feasibility Study
B. 2/2/2016 - Action Item 1: Committee Authorized district to conduct an RFP for the Study
C. 6/29/2016 - Action Item 3: Committee Authorized contract between district \& NESDEC
D. 9/6/2016 - Educational Presentation: NESDEC provided first report to the committee \& described the process
E. 11/15/2016 - Educational Presentation: NESDEC presented draft study to committee
F. 11/28/2016 - Public Hearing Held: NESDEC presented the study finding
G. 12/20/2016 - Educational Presentation: NESDEC presented final version of the study
H. 1/10/2017 - Educational Presentation: Superintendent Willard presented two options for the committee to consider
I. 2/7/2017 - Action Item: Committee to make decision on one of two options for GVS
J. 08/31/2017 - 2017/2018 School Year Begins


